

G8 Education Limited ABN 95 123 828 553

Directors' Code of Conduct



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1 Application of this Policy

G8 Education Limited (**Company**) is committed to conducting business in accordance with the law and good business practice.

This Directors' Code of Conduct applies to all directors and key management personnel of G8 Education Limited (**Company**) and should be read in addition to the Corporate Code of Conduct which applies to all employees of the Company.

2 Directors' Duties

- A director must act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the Company as a whole.
- A director has a duty to perform the functions of office and exercise the powers attached to that
 office with a degree of care and diligence that a reasonable person would exercise if they were a
 director in the same circumstances.
- A director should consider matters before the Board having regard to:
 - o any possible material personal interest he or she may have in the subject matter;
 - o the amount of information appropriate to properly consider the subject matter; and
 - o what is in the best interests of the Company.
- A director must recognise that, in acting as a director of the Company his or her dominant purpose or
 object must be to serve the interests of the members of the Company as a whole, not the interests
 of any particular group of directors or stakeholders or the director's personal or commercial
 interests. In circumstances of insolvency or near insolvency, the duty to act in the best interests of
 members is overridden by a duty to act in the best interests of creditors.
- A director must not make improper use of information acquired as a director to gain a personal advantage or to cause detriment to the Company.
- A director must not take improper advantage of the position of director to gain a personal advantage or to cause detriment to the Company.
- A director must not place himself or herself in a position where there is a reasonable possibility of conflict between his or her personal or business interests, the interests of any associated person, or his or her duties to any other company, on the one hand, and the interests of the Company or his or her duties to the Company, on the other hand. The action which a director will be required to take if he or she is faced with an actual or potential conflict of interest or duties in relation to a particular matter being considered by the Board will depend on the nature and circumstances of the conflict and may include any of the following:
 - o fully and frankly informing the Board about the circumstances giving rise to the conflict;
 - o abstaining from voting on any motion relating to the matter and absenting himself or herself from all board deliberations relating to the matter; or



- o resigning from the Board.
- If a director believes that he or she may have a conflict of interest or duty in relation to a particular matter, the director should consult with the chairman.
- A director must bring an enquiring, open and independent mind to Board meetings, listen to the debate on each issue raised, consider the arguments for and against each motion and reach a decision that he or she believes, to be in the best interests of the Company as a whole.
- An opportunity must be provided for a director to put his or her views on issues before the Board or
 a committee on which he or she sits. While directors must treat each other with courtesy and
 observe the other rules in this Code of Conduct, directors should be able to engage in vigorous
 debate on matters of principle.
- Confidential information (including Board or committee papers) received by a director in the course
 of the exercise of their director duties remains the property of the Company from which it was
 obtained and it is improper to disclose it, or allow it to be disclosed, unless that disclosure has been
 duly authorised by the Company or is required to be disclosed by law or under the ASX Listing Rules.
- A director must not disclose the content of discussions at Board meetings or committee meetings
 outside appropriate and responsible circles within the Company or external providers with a
 legitimate interest in the subject of the disclosure, unless that disclosure has been authorised by the
 Company or is required to be disclosed by law or under the ASX Listing Rules.
- A director generally must not engage in conduct, or make any public statement likely to prejudice
 the Company's business or likely to harm, defame or otherwise bring discredit upon or denigrate the
 Company, fellow directors or employees.
- A director must co-operate in corporate governance procedures prescribed by the Board including periodic appraisals of the performance of the Board and its committees.
- A non-executive director must devote such time as is necessary to carry out the duties of the non-executive director as determined by the Board.
- A director has an obligation, at all times, to comply with the spirit, as well as the letter, of the law and of the principles of this Directors' Code of Conduct.

3 Securities Trading Policy

Trading in the Company's securities at any time by directors is not to occur without the knowledge of the Chairman and directors must adhere to and comply with the Company's Securities Trading Policy and their individual disclosure and other obligations as directors under the Corporations Act 2001.

Review Date	January 2018